

## RUSSIAN FLEET MAY REUNITE

SHIP NEAR BATAVIA THAT MAY BE ROJESTVENSKY'S.

The Squadron Which Passed Singapore Has Anchored in the Anambas, 400 Miles Away—Jap Movements Kept Secret—Rumor of Fight Discredited.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

SINGAPORE, April 10.—The steamship Gregory Apcar reports that she sighted the Russian fleet at 1 1/2 M. to-day anchored twenty miles north-east of Manki, one of the Anambas Islands.

The steamship Radnorshire saw the fleet at 1 1/2 P. M. yesterday five miles from Dammar Island steaming in the direction of Manki.

Four warships, apparently Japanese, were sighted off Cape St. James on April 7. Rear Admiral Enkvist, second in command to Admiral Rojstvensky, was in command of the Russian fleet that passed Singapore on Saturday.

AMSTERDAM, April 10.—A despatch to the Handelsblad from Batavia says that a Russian fleet is near Muntok, which is on the west coast of the island of Banka, between Borneo and Sumatra, and is expected to arrive at Batavia to-day.

It is surmised that this is Rojstvensky and his six battleships, which, separating from the rest of the fleet and making for the Straits of Sunda, have rounded the southern promontory of Sumatra and are now making northward to join the remainder of the fleet.

Banka is about four hundred miles south of the Anambas archipelago.

LONDON, April 11.—Nothing of importance has been received here in the late reports concerning the Russian or Japanese naval movements. Yesterday's reports cover practically all that is known.

There is doubt in some quarters whether the Russian fleet is in one or two squadrons, but it seems more likely that it has been divided into two divisions.

The Tokio correspondent of the Telegraph says that Japanese warships acting as scouts were the first to sight the Russian warships, which, according to the Japanese Ministry of Foreign Affairs, anchored twenty miles northeast of Manki at 1 A. M. April 10.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times says that the Ministry of Marine and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs deny that they have received messages from Singapore, and declare that they know nothing of Admiral Rojstvensky's movements beyond what is contained in the newspaper reports. The contradictory character of many of these reports, the correspondent adds, has arrested the growing confidence in Admiral Rojstvensky's success.

REPORT OF ENGAGEMENT DISCREDITED.

The reports from Shanghai that an engagement between the rival fleets has already occurred are discredited. There is much anxiety concerning the whereabouts of the new battleships, which were not with the ships sighted off Singapore. The war party's hopes are greatly stimulated by the fleet's arrival.

It is reported that Admiral Rojstvensky has transferred his flag from the battleship Kniaz Suvaroff to the Aurora.

TOKIO, April 10.—It is assumed here that Admiral Rojstvensky does not desire to give battle immediately and will attempt to reach Vladivostok or to seize a base. Many persons believe that he has a second rendezvous in the Pacific and will speedily quit the China Sea and go eastward to the Philippines.

It is expected that owing to the arrival of the Russian fleet in Chinese waters trade will be disorganized for a while. Events are being watched with the keenest interest in Japan, where the courage of the Russians in coming East is praised, while their arrival is exultantly welcomed.

One newspaper compares the Russians to moths gathering about a candle. Absolutely nothing is allowed to be known of the whereabouts of the Japanese squadrons. Naval circles keep impenetrably silent. Speculation regarding the movements of Admiral Togo and the other Japanese naval commanders is futile.

PARIS, April 10.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Petit Parisien says that the Russian Admiralty has received two long despatches from Admiral Rojstvensky.

A despatch to the Matin from St. Petersburg says that the opinion prevails strongly in the Admiralty that an action will be fought off the Pescadores Islands, where it is stated the Japanese have established a naval base. (The Pescadores Islands, which Japan acquired with the island of Formosa as part of the spoils of her war with China, lie in the Strait of Formosa, between the island of that name and the coast of China. They are 2,000 miles northeast of the point where the Russian fleet now is.)

## OUR SHIPS ON THE WATCH.

Patrol Increased in Sulu Archipelago, Where a Naval Base Might Be Seized.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

MANILA, April 10.—Rear Admiral Train, commander in chief of the Asiatic fleet, has ordered two destroyers and the despatch boat Alava to join the cruiser Raleigh in patrolling the Sulu archipelago, in anticipation of the possible use of the island of Palawan, the most westerly of the Philippines, by either the Russian or Japanese fleet as a belligerent base.

It is unofficially reported that eighteen Russian warships, sixteen transports and a hospital ship are nearing the southern archipelago.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Rear Admiral Train, commanding the Asiatic station, has reported to the Navy Department that he has sent the cruiser Raleigh and a number of other ships to the Sulu archipelago.

After all, however, the report that made the highball alarm. It is the best—Adm.

## FRENCH SLAY REBEL MOORS.

HELP SULTAN'S TROOPS TO REPEL PRETENDER'S FORCES.

Moroccan Town Was in Danger of Capture Until the Artillery Was Let Loose—Frontier Cleared—German Feeling Against King Edward Visiting Tangier.

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He ordered his artillery to open fire and the rebels were swept away. The French frontier is thus rid of the pretender's hands in accordance with the rights conferred on France by the treaty of 1845 and subsequent agreements.

A despatch to the Matin from Berlin says the report that King Edward will pay a visit to Tangier is very badly received in Germany. In high diplomatic circles the opinion is expressed that the King will deliver an address on the occasion of his visit, and counsel the Sultan of Morocco to accept the good offices of France.

The Matin publishes an interview with Foreign Minister Tittoni at Rome in which he is quoted as follows:

"The policy of Italy in regard to Morocco is to endeavor to dispel misunderstandings, and the personal action of the King in Italy with the German Emperor at Naples tended to that end. I think that all disputes in future will be obviated when the French and German governments have agreed as to the exact circumstances in which the Anglo-French agreement was communicated by Paris to Berlin. It will not be long before an explanation is forthcoming which will give satisfaction to both parties."

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## DISORDER IN ST. PETERSBURG.

Large Force of Police Sent Hurriedly to the Putiloff Iron Works.

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The meeting, amid endless interruptions, resolved to form an association to foster social and professional activity, and to aim at securing political freedom based on a democratic constitution and to combine with other bodies having a similar aim. The president soon afterward announced that he had received a communication from the police that the congress must disperse. This the delegates refused to do unless they were forcibly compelled. The chief of police then led into the hall 200 policemen, whereupon those attending the meeting left, shouting defiantly. Mounted troops prevented them from reentering.

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## CONSTITUTION COVERS ALASKA.

Supreme Court No Decides on the Ground That It Is an Incorporated Territory.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The Supreme Court to-day, in passing upon the conviction of Fred Rasmussen for keeping a disorderly house in Alaska, opened up anew the question of whether the Constitution follows the flag, upon which the court has been divided ever since the matter came up after the war with Spain.

The court to-day was unanimous in the opinion that the constitutional provision as to trial by jury does exist in Alaska, although it has never been specifically extended there by Congress, and Rasmussen's conviction and the act of Congress under which he was tried by a jury of six men were declared void.

Two of the Justices, Messrs. Brown and Harlan, in concurring in that result, took occasion to announce their views, which differed widely from the reasoning of the majority, and to reaffirm their respective positions in the previous cases. Justice Harlan in particular made a vigorous dissent to the suggestion that the Constitution was not of its own strength extended to any territory upon its acquisition by the United States, "however inconvenient it might be just now."

The opinion of the Court was delivered by Justice White, taking up the main question, which was whether or not the Constitution applied to Alaska and the prisoner under it was entitled to a trial by a jury of twelve, he referred to the court's decisions in the insular cases, and said it depended on whether Alaska had been incorporated into the United States as a part thereof, or, like the Philippines, had been acquired by treaty. Under the test in the insular cases, Alaska was evidently incorporated with the United States, for the treaty by which it was acquired provided that its inhabitants were to have all the rights of citizens of the United States. The same intent had been expressed in several acts of Congress relating to Alaska, notably the judicial acts.

To the contention that even if it were incorporated into the United States the provisions for trial by jury did not apply because it was not an organized territory, Justice White said it was not worthy of consideration, being an irreconcilable conflict with the essential principles upon which the constitutional system of government rested and with a long line of decisions. The right to trial in Alaska by common law jury was therefore repugnant to the Constitution and void.

## ALICE ROOSEVELT BUYS A HORSE.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Miss Alice Roosevelt has bought from James G. Cooley of New York the bay filly Jewelina, which started several times at the Bunnings track, but failed to win. The filly has been delivered at the White House stables.

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## LARGE WINTER WHEAT CROP.

The April Condition Indicates an Enormous Yield.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—According to the statistician of the Department of Agriculture, the average condition of winter wheat on April 1 this year was 91.6. This compares with 82.9 in December, when the crop went into winter quarters. Last year at this time the condition was reported to be 76.5 and in 1903 the condition was 86.16.

Using the Government report as a basis, Statistician Helms of the Produce Exchange estimates that winter wheat will average 15.4 bushels to the acre. The area seeded last fall was 31,155,000 acres, so that Mr. Helms' estimate indicates a total crop of 479,787,000 bushels.

The Government report for December placed the condition of winter wheat at 82.9, and the increase to 91.6 in the April figures is said to be the largest in a decade.

## HIT BY 2 INCH HAILSTONES.

Fierce Storm at Pittsburgh—Thousands of Panes of Glass Broken.

PITTSBURGH, April 10.—Pittsburgh was visited by a severe hailstorm this afternoon. Following a thunderstorm, there was a bombardment of hailstones measuring as much as two inches in diameter. They pelted down with great force, breaking anything of a fragile nature and causing a panic among horses exposed on the streets.

The damage done by the storm will reach many thousands of dollars. Among the larger losses were the following: Phipps conservatory, Schenley Park, 8,000 panes of glass broken; Easter flower display, loss about \$2,000; private conservatory of H. C. Allegheny Flower Conservatory, 800 panes of glass broken, with little damage to flowers, loss \$1,000; A. R. Peacock's private conservatory, loss about \$5,000.

According to Forecaster Frank Ridgeway, the hailstorm was the most severe ever known in the history of western Pennsylvania. There is no record of hailstones of such enormous size ever having fallen before.

## \$150,000 CROWN ON VIEW.

It Will Be Presented to the Cathedral at Saragossa, Spain.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

MADRID, April 10.—A magnificent jeweled crown, the cost of which was subscribed for by ex-Queen Christina and several Madrid women for the famous image of the Virgin of the Pillar in the Saragossa Cathedral, has been placed on public view in a jeweler's store here.

Thirty-one experts were employed in making the crown, which is valued at \$150,000. There are 10,000 brilliants, emeralds, pearls, sapphires and rubies in the diadem, and 5,000 gems, including an enormous central diamond, in the surrounding nimbus. Six women will take the crown to Rome to be blessed by the Pope before it is presented to the Cathedral at Saragossa.

## EARTHQUAKE VICTIMS, 10,000.

Casualties in Northern India Now Placed at That Number.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

LAHORE, April 10.—It is estimated that the total number of victims of the earthquake in Northern India last week was 10,000.

## SMITHS ON THE WAY BACK.

Consent to Extradition on Charge of Conspiracy to Extort Money.

CINCINNATI, April 10.—Judge Frederick Spiegel in Common Pleas Court this afternoon dismissed the habeas corpus proceedings and authorized the extradition of J. Morgan Smith and wife. At 6:40 o'clock this evening the Smiths left over the Baltimore and Ohio for New York City for the East, escorted by Assistant District Attorney Garvan and Detectives McNaught, Quinn and Urd of New York.

The Smith force of legal defenders was greatly weakened to-day by the calling away of Col. Thomas Shay, who has led in their fight and who was compelled to appear in the United States Court in contempt proceedings against himself for alleged interference with a witness in another case.

What remained of the force agreed to drop the fight provided Assistant District Attorney Garvan and County Prosecutor Rulison would agree that the Smiths be charged with one offense and one only in New York, that of conspiring to extort money from Caesar Young.

This was agreed to and the prisoners were turned over to the representatives of Mr. Jerome.

Both of the Smiths before leaving said they would be glad to go back to New York.

PATTERSON TRIAL PUT OVER A WEEK.

At the District Attorney's office here it was said that no promises had been made to the Smiths that they would not be prosecuted on anything except the conspiracy charge.

If the Smiths had only made up their minds to waive extradition a little sooner the second trial of Nan Patterson for the murder of Caesar Young, which was set for yesterday, would not have been adjourned at the request of the District Attorney's office until next Monday.

Tombs for another week, but was not taken into court when Mr. Rand moved for adjournment.

Mr. Rand said he was busy at present with the Grand Jury in the David Ruchschild investigation. Abe Levy, of counsel for the prisoner, protested that she was being kept in the Tombs too long and demanded that the trial go on. Recorder Goff said that he could not see that her rights would be interfered with if she was kept in the Tombs for another week, and fixed the trial for next Monday.

## GALLANT SCHOOLMA'AM

Stops a Runaway and Refuses to Let Anybody Know Her Name.

Louis Schweickert of 1013 Myrtle avenue, Glendale, was driving across Fulton street, at Bay street, Jamaica, yesterday afternoon, when a trolley car bound for the Broadway ferry hit his carriage, wrecked it and threw him out. Schweickert was bruised. The trolley car was slowing down to take on a group of public school teachers standing on the corner. They saw the collision was inevitable, and cried a warning to Schweickert. He did not heed them.

When the wagon was hit the horse started to run, but one of the young women grabbed him by the bridle, and although lifted from her feet she delayed him so that a man who jumped from the car caught him. The young woman refused her name, and pleaded with her companions not to tell.

## DEWEY'S PURE WINES &amp; GRAPE JUICE.

Unquestioned for the week and over-worked.

H. Dewey & Sons Co., 125 Fulton St., New York.

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## LINERS TOO NEAR IN THE FOG.

TEUTONIC, THE MINNEAPOLIS THINKS, THAT PASSED CLOSE.

They'd Been Talking by Wireless, but Neither Asked "Was That You?" When They Had Got By—Minneapolis Had to Reverse Engines to Get Out of the Way.

The menace of fog enshrouded icebergs off the Banks on Friday afternoon was augmented by the sudden appearance of a liner out of her course across the bow of the Atlantic Transport steamship Minneapolis, bound hither from London.

The Minneapolis had been in wireless